

# GRA 60353

## Mathematics

### Department of Economics

**Start date:** 07.01.2019 Time 13.00

**Finish date:** 07.01.2019 Time 16.00

**Weight:** 80% of GRA 6035

**Total no. of pages:** 2 incl. front page

**Answer sheets:** Squares

**Examination support materials permitted:** BI-approved exam calculator. Simple calculator. Bilingual dictionary.

**Re-sit** Ordinary

This exam consists of 12+1 problems (one additional problem is for extra credits, and can be skipped). Each problem has a maximal score of 6p, and 72p (12 solved problems) is marked as 100% score.

**You must give reasons for your answers. Precision and clarity will be emphasized when evaluating your answers.**

**Question 1.**

We consider the matrix  $A$  given by

$$A = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 3 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 4 & -3 \end{pmatrix}$$

- (a) **(6p)** Determine the definiteness of  $A$ .
- (b) **(6p)** Find all eigenvectors for  $A$  with eigenvalue  $\lambda = -5$ , and compute  $\dim E_{-5}$ .
- (c) **(6p)** Find the eigenvalues of  $A$ , and determine all values of  $r$  such that  $\dim \text{Null}(A - rI) \geq 1$ .

**Question 2.**

- (a) **(6p)** Find the general solution of the differential equation  $4y'' - 4y' - 3y = 9t$ .
- (b) **(6p)** Find the general solution of the differential equation  $4ty' + 4y = 1$ .
- (c) **(6p)** Find the general solution of the following system of differential equations:

$$\begin{aligned} y_1' &= y_1 + 2y_2 \\ y_2' &= 5y_2 \end{aligned}$$

**Question 3.**

We consider the function  $f(x, y, z) = 3x^2 + y^2 + axy - y + 2z^4 + 8z + 12$ , where  $a$  is a parameter.

- (a) **(6p)** Find all stationary points of  $f$  when  $a = 3$ .
- (b) **(6p)** Determine all values of  $a$  such that  $f$  is a convex function.
- (c) **(6p)** Find  $f^*(3)$ , and use the envelope theorem to estimate  $f^*(a)$  for values of  $a$  close to 3.

**Question 4.**

We consider the Lagrange problem

$$\min f(x, y, z, w) = 2x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2 + 3z^2 + 8zw - 3w^2 \text{ subject to } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + w^2 = 1$$

- (a) **(6p)** Write down the Lagrange conditions for this problem.
- (b) **(6p)** Find all points  $(x, y, z, w; \lambda)$  with  $\lambda = -5$  that satisfy the Lagrange conditions.
- (c) **(6p)** Solve the Lagrange problem, and find the minimum value  $f_{\min}^*$ .

**Question 5.**

We consider the Kuhn-Tucker problem

$$\max f(x, y, z, w) = 2x^2 + 2xy + 2y^2 + 3z^2 + 8zw - 3w^2 \text{ subject to } x^2 + y^2 + z^2 + w^2 \leq 1$$

**Extra credit (6p)** Show that a point  $(x, y, z, w; \lambda)$  satisfy the first order conditions of this problem if and only if  $\mathbf{x} = (x, y, z, w)$  is an eigenvector of the matrix  $A$  (from Question 1) with eigenvalue  $\lambda$  or  $\mathbf{x} = (0, 0, 0, 0)$ . Use this to solve the Kuhn-Tucker problem and find its maximum value.