

Key Problems

Problem 1.

Assume that the Lagrange problem $\max f(x,y)$ when $g(x,y) = 4$ has maximum value $f(1,3) = 12$ at the ordinary candidate point $(x,y;\lambda) = (1,3;2)$. What is the interpretation of $\lambda = 2$? Use this to estimate the maximum value of the Lagrange problem $\max f(x,y)$ when $g(x,y) = 3$.

Problem 2.

We consider the function $f(x,y) = x^3y^2 + x^2 - 2x$.

- a) Find all stationary points of f and classify them. b) Determine whether f has a maximum or minimum.

Problem 3.

We consider the function $f(x,y) = x^3y^2 + x^2y - xy + 1$ with domain of definition $D = \{(x,y) : -1 \leq x,y \leq 1\}$.

- a) Sketch D and describe the boundary points. b) Find all interior stationary points and classify them.
c) Find f_{\max} and f_{\min} if they exist.

Problem 4.

We consider the Lagrange problem: $\max / \min f(x,y) = xy$ when $x^2 + y^2 = 4$

- a) Solve the Lagrange conditions (FOC+C) and find the ordinary candidate points.
b) Are there any admissible points with degenerated constraint?
c) Solve the Lagrange problem.

Problem 5.

We consider the curve C with equation $y(x^2 + y^2) = 2(x^2 - y^2)$.

- a) Find all points on C with $y = -1$. b) Find the tangent of C at each point with $y = -1$.
c) Solve the optimization problem: $\max / \min f(x,y) = y$ when $y(x^2 + y^2) = 2(x^2 - y^2)$

Problem 6.

Solve the optimization problem: $\max / \min f(x,y) = x^3 + 3xy + y^3$ when $xy = 1$

Problem 7. *Exam MET1180 12/2018*

We consider the function defined by $f(x,y) = 1 + x^2 + y^2 + x^2y^2$.

- Find all stationary points of f .
- Compute the Hessian of f , and use it to classify the stationary points.
- Determine whether f has global maximum or minimum values.
- Solve the Lagrange problem: $\max f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 + x^2y^2$ when $x^2 + 2y^2 = 5$

Problem 8. *Exam MET1180 12/2017*

We consider the function $f(x,y) = x^2y^2 + xy + x - y$.

- Compute the first order partial derivatives and the Hessian of f .
- Show that the level curve $f(x,y) = 2$ intersects the line $y = x$ in two points (a,a) and (b,b) .
- Find the tangent of the level curve $f(x,y) = 2$ at the points (a,a) and (b,b) .
- Find the stationary points of f , and classify them as local maxima, local minima or saddle points.

Problem 9. *Exam MET1180 12/2017*

We consider the Lagrange problem: $\min f(x,y) = xy$ when $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$.

- Sketch the curve $x^2 + 4y^2 = 4$, and determine if it is bounded.
- Write down the Lagrange conditions, and find all $(x,y;\lambda)$ that satisfy these conditions.
- Solve the Lagrange problem.
- Give an interpretation of the Lagrange multiplier in a Lagrange problem, and use this interpretation to estimate the minimum value of the new Lagrange problem: $\min f(x,y) = xy$ when $x^2 + 4y^2 = 5$

Answers to Key Problems

Problem 1.

$$f_{\max} \approx 12 + (-1) \cdot 2 = 10$$

Problem 2.

- $(1,0)$ local minimum
- No maximum or minimum

Problem 3.

- The boundary points are the sides of the square.
- $(0,0)$ saddle point
- $f_{\max} = 2$, $f_{\min} = -2$

Problem 4.

- $(\pm\sqrt{2}, \pm\sqrt{2}; 1/2)$, $(\pm\sqrt{2}, \mp\sqrt{2}; -1/2)$
- No
- $f_{\max} = 2$, $f_{\min} = -2$

Problem 5.

- $(\pm\sqrt{1/3}, -1)$
- $y = 2 \mp 3\sqrt{3}x$
- $f_{\min} = -2$, no maximum value

Problem 6.

No maximum or minimum value.